

GP - Gram Panchayat
GS - Gram Sabha

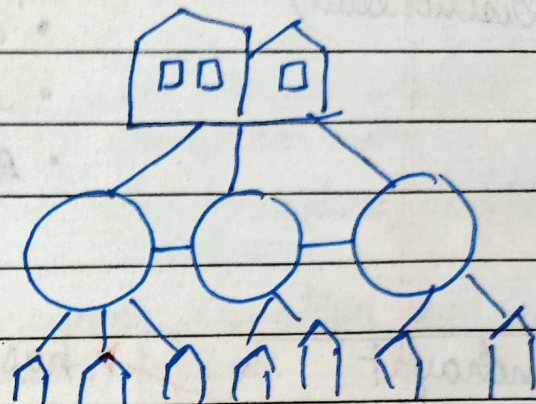
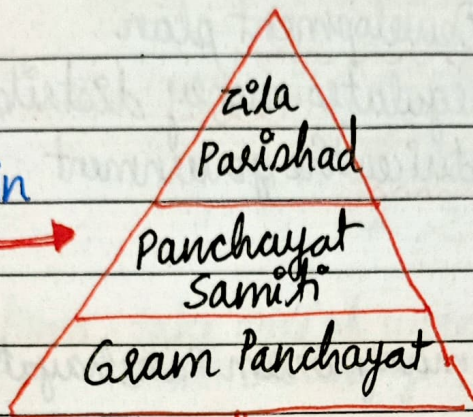
RURAL GOVERNMENT

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Rural Government = Panchayati Raj System = Rural-Local Self Government

↓
discontinued during
british rule, later
came into existence in
1993

↓
Three-tier system



Gram Sabha

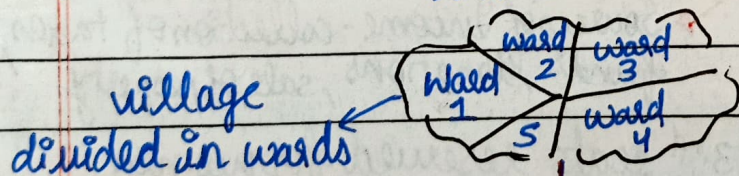
- * meeting of all adult voters of the village
- * twice a year
- * important factors.

Gram Panchayat

- * elected body of panch'
- * President is known as Sarpanch
- * $\frac{1}{3}$ rd seats reserved for women

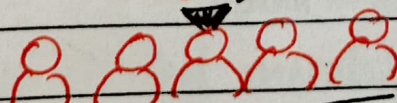
Nyaya Panchayat

- * Judicial wing
- * elected for 5 years
- * Justice to civil & criminal cases in less time.



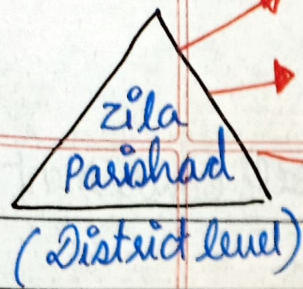
one member elected from each ward

↓
SARPANCH


GRAM PANCHAYAT

- * Government appoints a Secretary to GP, also a Secretary to GS
- * 5 years

Good Write



District Panchayat is highest Governing body

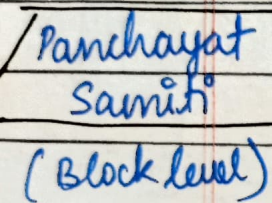
Chief Executive Officer is the head.

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Functions: Supervising work of Panchayat Samiti & Gram Panchayat

- Development plan
- regulates money distribution
- Advices the government



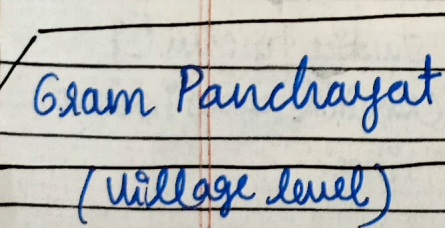
has many Gram Panchayats under it.

names - Block Samiti, Tanpad Panchayat

Block Development Officer (BDO) - acts as secretary

Functions - Supervises the function of Gram Panchayat

- makes plan for development of block
- arranges funds from government



Consists of Gram Panchayat, Sabha, Nyaya

Group of 5 people lead the body

Sources of Income - collection of taxes, Govt scheme funds, donations, sale of property

1/3rd seats reserved for women